

Sustainability in commercial laundering processes

Module 2 **Machine technology**

Chapter 2

Washer extractors

Table of Contents:

- Design of Washer Extractors
 - Barrier Wall / Non Barrier Wall
 - Manual Loading, Automatic Loading
 - Drum design
- Water flow in washer extractors, water recovering system
 - Heating system
 - Media connections
 - Dosing equipment
- Weighing system

Learning targets

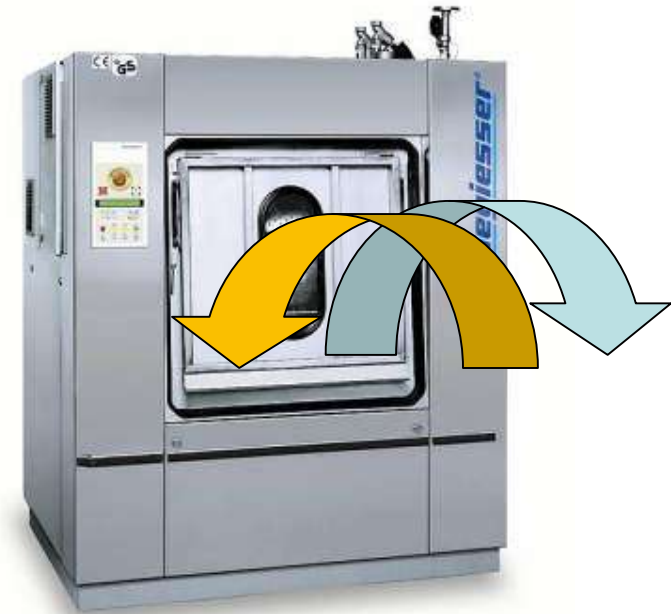
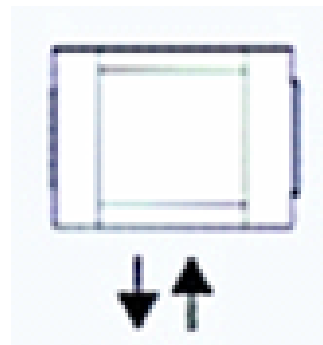
After finishing the module you will

- be able to distinguish washer extractors in barrier wall and non barrier wall execution.
- know different loading and unloading possibilities of washer extractors.
- be able to distinguish different inner drum divisions.
- know the possibilities of manual and external chemical dosing.
- know the advantages of automatic weighing systems.

Washer Extractors – Loading / Unloading

Example: Kannegiesser Favorit

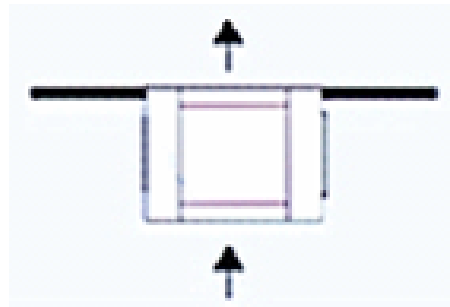
- Manual Loading and Unloading
- Side loading
- **Non Barrier Wall** execution



Washer Extractors – Loading / Unloading

Example: Kannegiesser Favorit

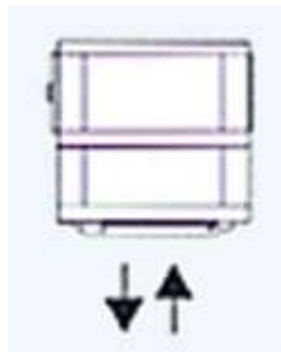
- Manual Loading and Unloading
- Side loading
- **Barrier Wall** execution
- Pass through



Washer Extractors – Loading / Unloading

Example: Kannegiesser Futura

- **Non Barrier Wall** execution
- Front loading



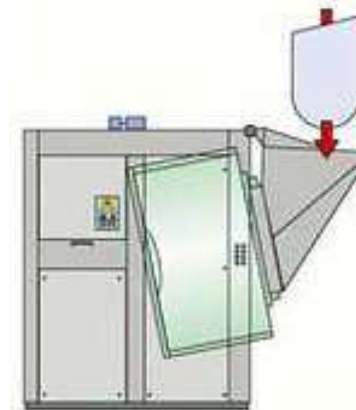
- Manual Loading and Unloading *or*
- Automatic Loading and Unloading



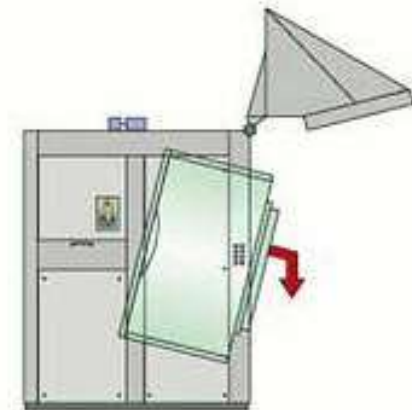
Manual loading



Automatic tilt unloading



Automatic top loading

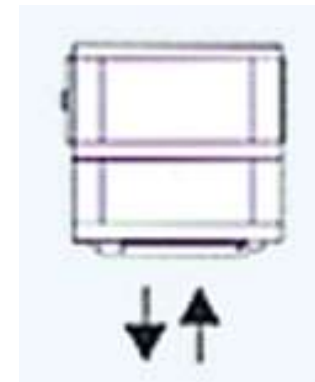


Automatic tilt unloading

Washer Extractors – Loading / Unloading

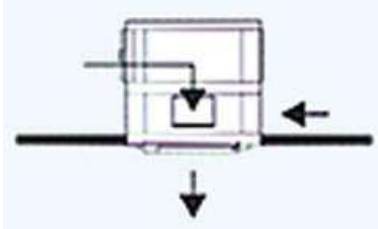
Example: Kannegiesser Futura

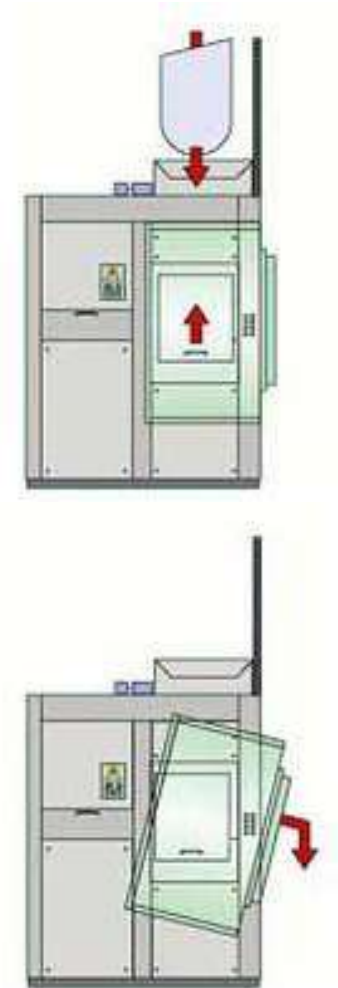
- Examples for **Non Barrier Wall** execution



Washer Extractors – Loading / Unloading

Example: Kannegiesser Futura

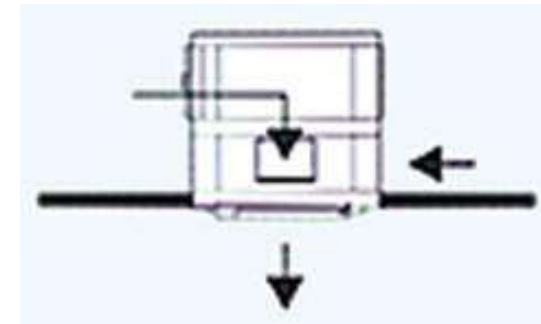
- **Barrier Wall** execution
 - Top or side loading
- 
- Manual Loading and Unloading *or*
 - Automatic Loading and Unloading



Washer Extractors – Loading / Unloading

Example: Kannegiesser Futura

- Examples for **Barrier Wall** execution



Washer Extractors - Versions of Doors

Example: Kannegiesser Favorit



Inner Drum:

- Big and divided inner drum door
- Lock and unlock **without a tool**
- Alternative design **with tool**, special for disabled people
- Lower part of the door is used as a bridge

Outer Drum:

- Flap opens to the top

Washer Extractors - Versions of Doors

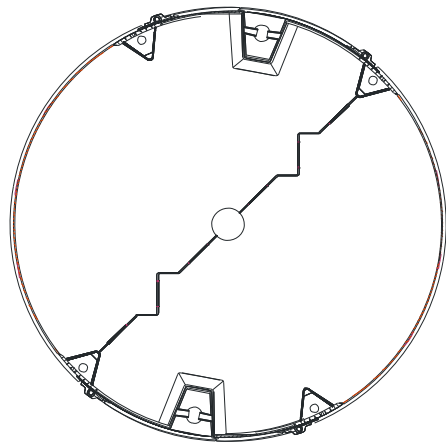
Example: Kannegiesser Favorit



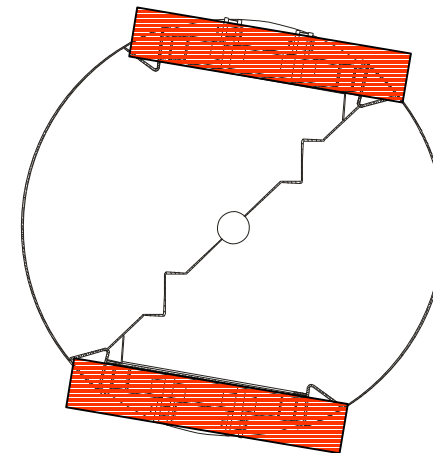
Design alternatives:

- Left or right hand hinged door
- Available for inner drum and for outer drum
- Tool is required to lock and unlock the door

Washer Extractors - Versions of Doors



Full cylinder volume



Reduced cylinder volume
due to hinged doors

- Hinged inner doors reduce the inner drum volume!

Washer Extractors - Versions of Doors

Example: Kannegiesser Futura

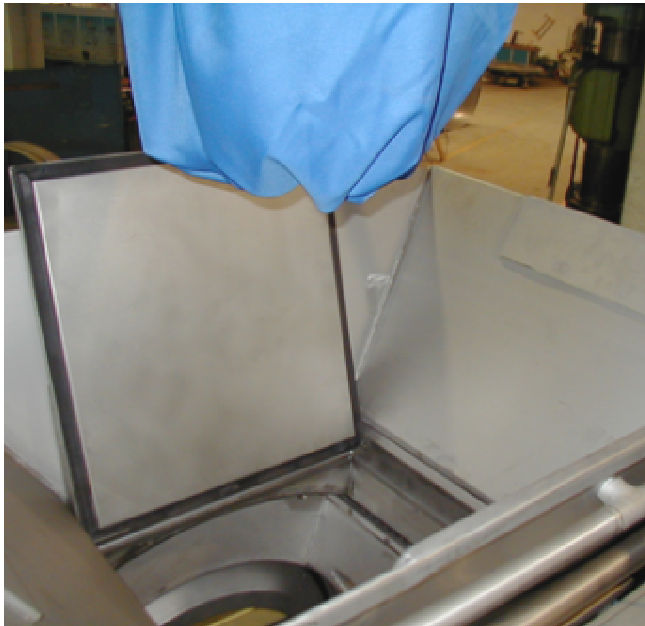


Front door:

- Left or right hand hinged door
- Manual or automatic lock and unlock of the door
- No tool is required

Washer Extractors - Versions of Doors

Example: Kannegiesser Futura



Top Flap:

- Automatic function for bag or conveyor belt loading
- Automatic positioning, open and close of the inner drum door

Washer Extractors - Versions of Doors

Example: Kannegiesser Futura

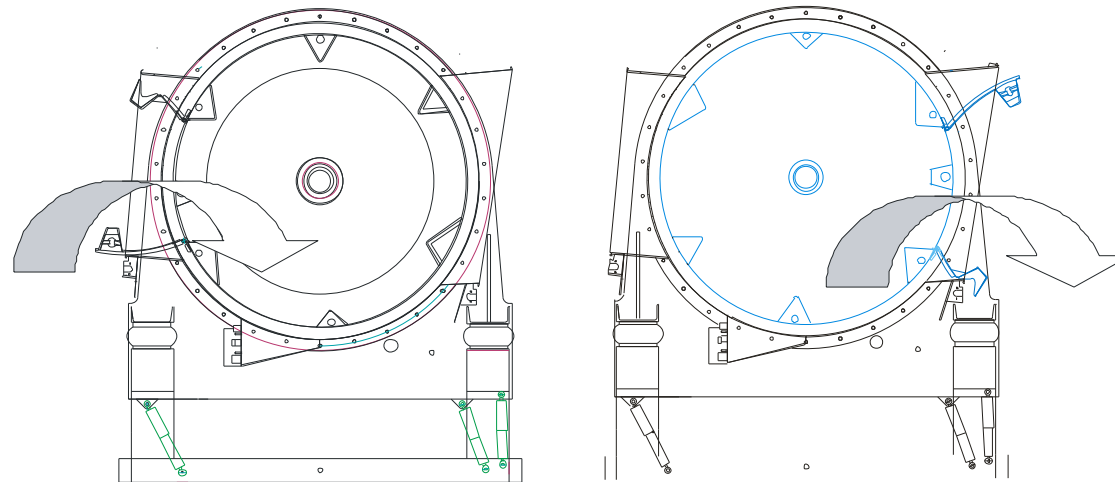
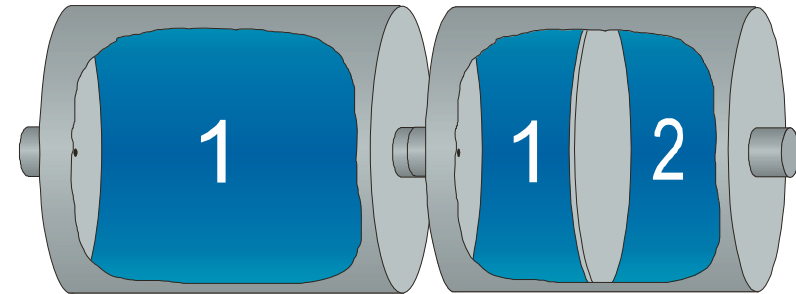


Side Door (Left or right):

- Hinged door of the outer drum
- Manual lock and unlock of the door
- Flap of the machine housing opens to the top
- Automatic positioning, open and close of the inner drum door

Washer Extractors – Drum Design

Open Pocket
Side Loading



Washer Extractors – Drum Design

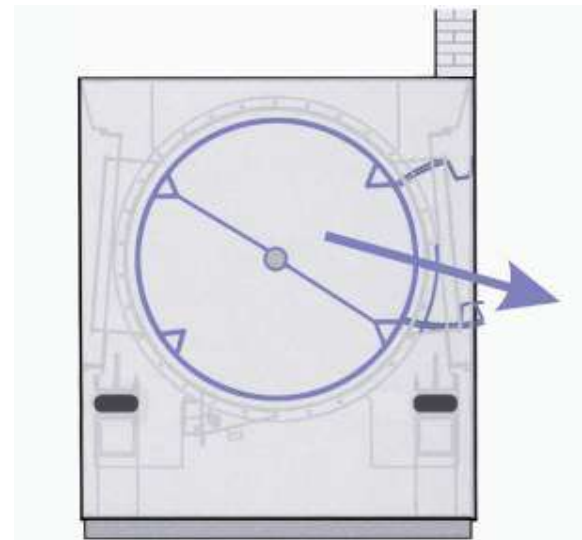
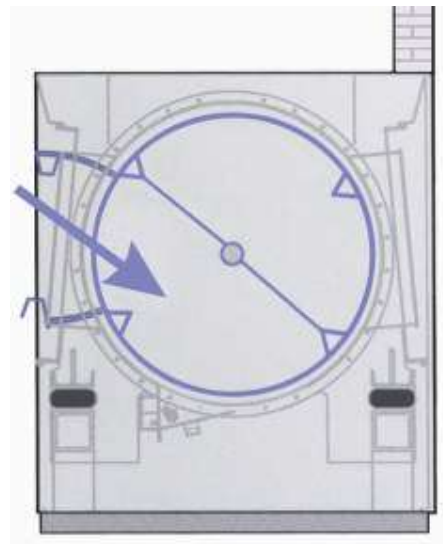
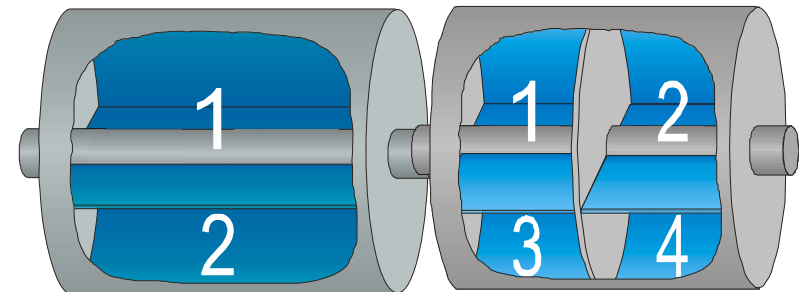
Open Pocket Front Loading



Washer Extractors – Drum Design

Pullman Division
(also known as D-Division)

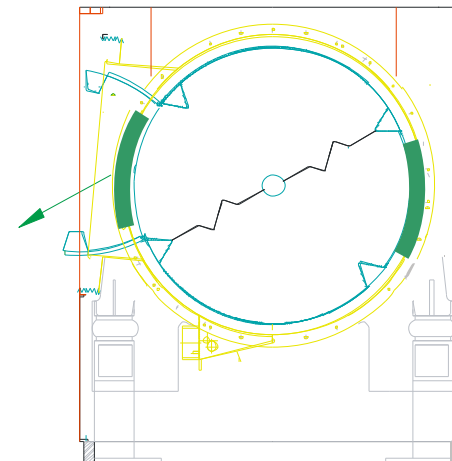
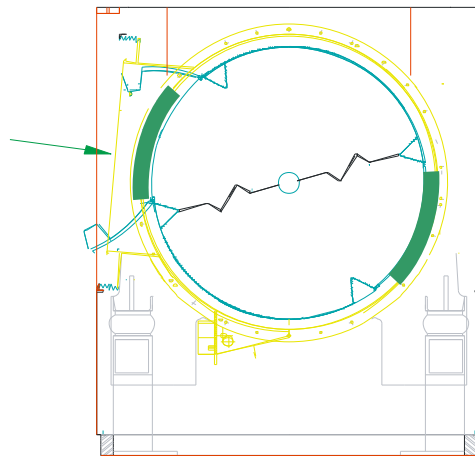
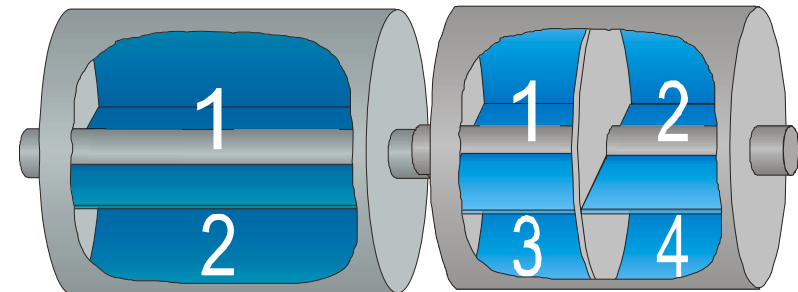
Barrier Wall Execution



Washer Extractors – Drum Design

Pullman Division
(also known as D-Division)

Non Barrier Wall Execution



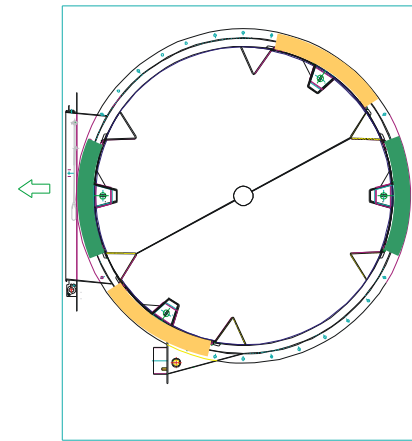
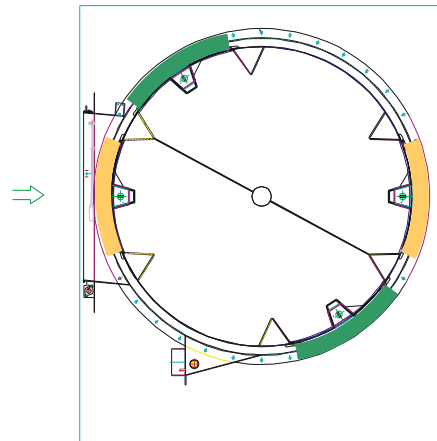
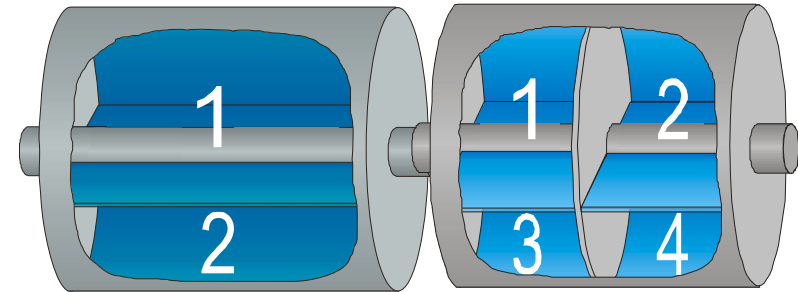
Inner drum diameter < 1650 mm with one door per chamber

Washer Extractors – Drum Design

Pullman Division

(also known as D-Division)

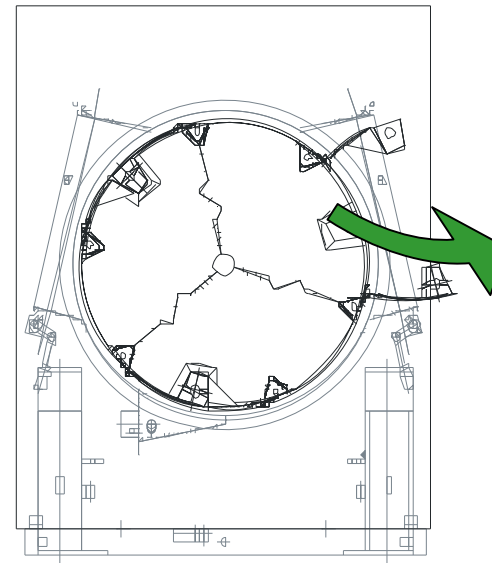
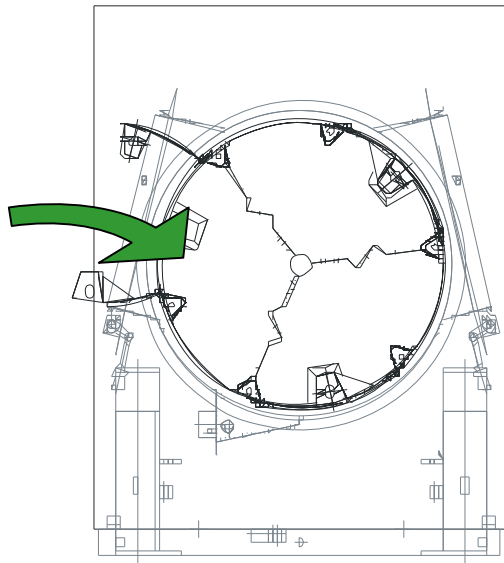
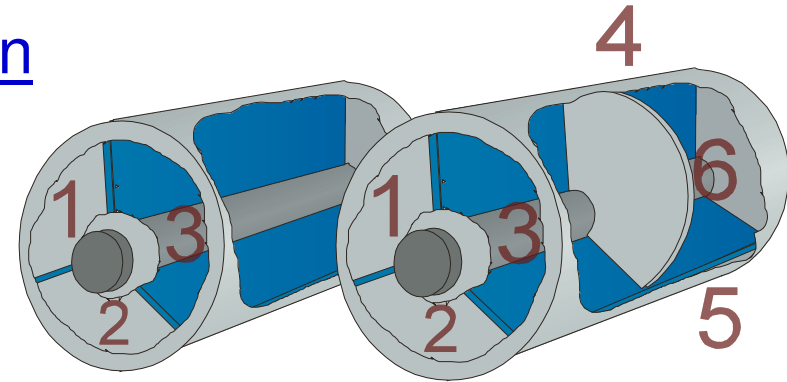
Non Barrier Wall Execution



Drum diameter ≥ 1650 mm with two doors per chamber

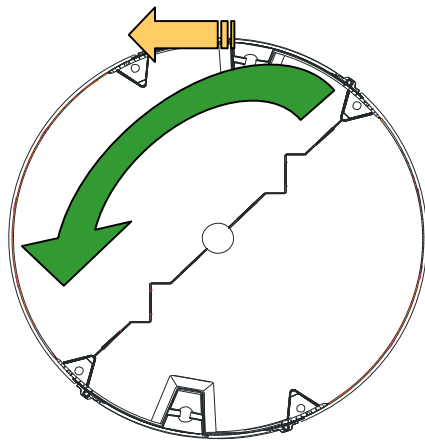
Washer Extractors – Drum Design

Y-Division



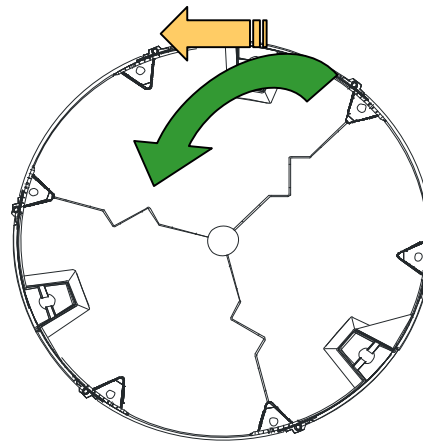
Washer Extractors – Drum Design

Wash speed ~ 0.9 g



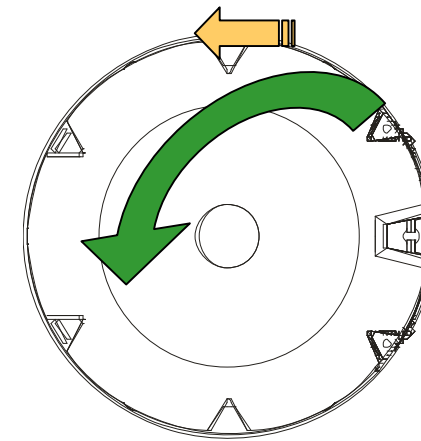
Pullman-Division

- ++ Friction
- ++ Compression
- ++ Flow through



Y-Division

- + Friction
- + Compression
- + Flow through

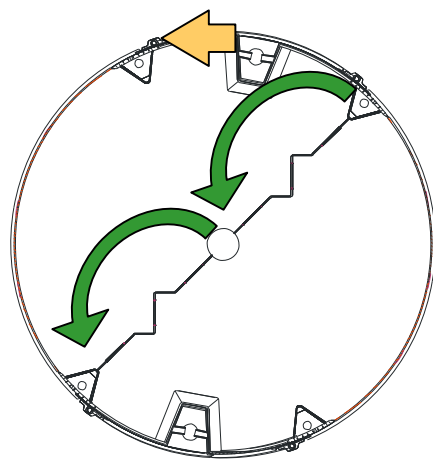


Open pocket

- ++ Friction
- ++ Compression
- ++ Flow through

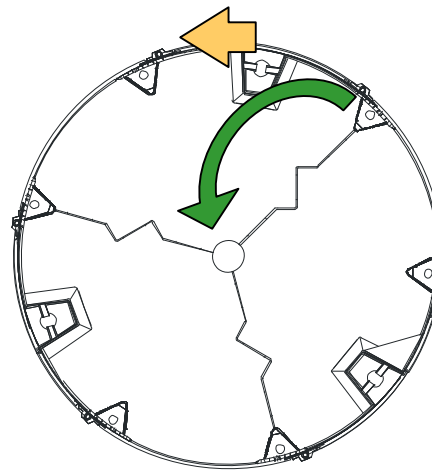
Washer Extractors – Drum Design

Wash speed ~ 0.4 g



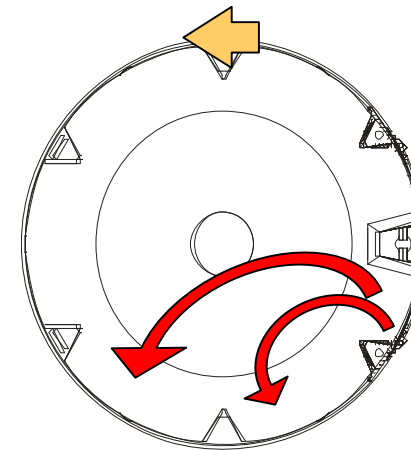
Pullman-Division

- + Friction
- + Compression
- + Flow through



Y-Division

- + - Friction
- + - Compression
- + - Flow through

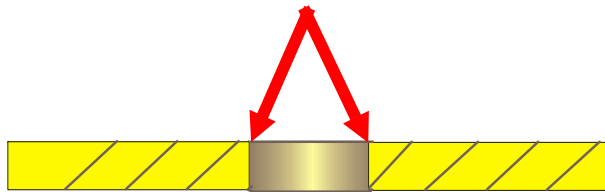


Open pocket



- Friction
- Compression
- Flow through

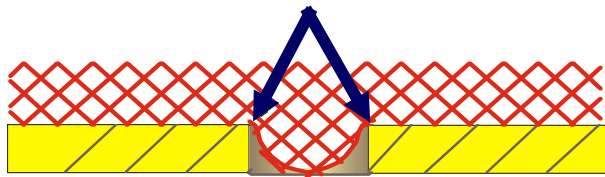
Washer Extractors – Drum Design

Conventional cylinder perforation



Washing

-  rough edges cause permanent friction of fibres, resulting in a higher loss in tensile strength
-  increased lint formation



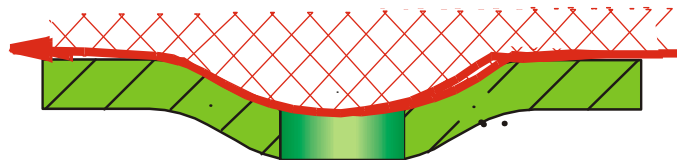
Extraction

-  the work is firmly pressed into the cylindrical drum perforation

Washer Extractors – Drum Design

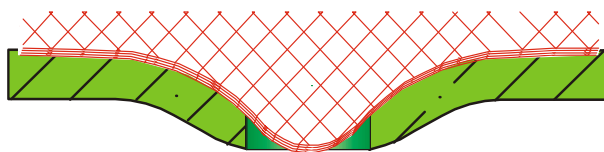


CAREWASH funnel perforation



Washing

- 👍 perfectly smooth thus guaranteeing a very gentle washing action
- 👍 less loss of fibres



Extraction

- 👍 Considerably reduced stretching of the fibres

Washer Extractors – Drum Design



Pullman Division
(also known as D-Division)

Y-Division

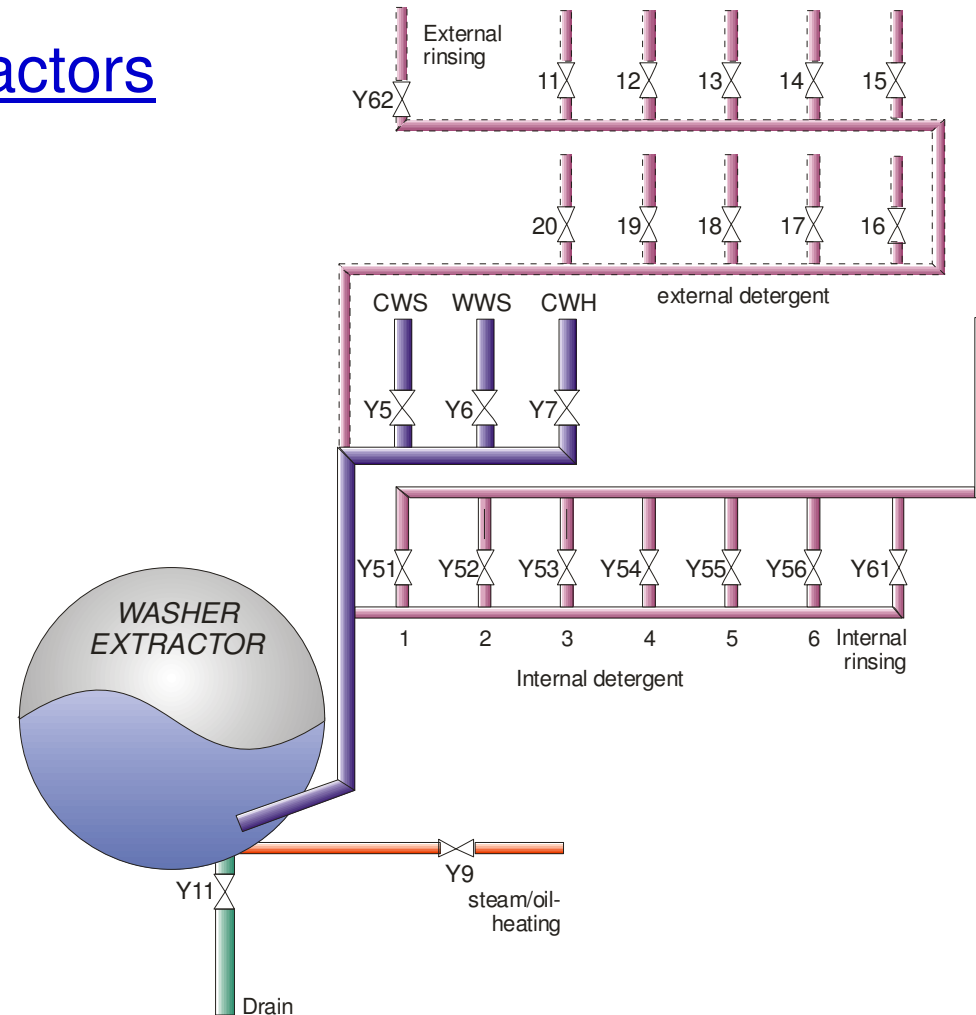
Partition wall:

- Perforated plate for good flow through
- Rib design to increase mechanical action

Water flow in washer extractors

Basic layout:

- Connections for **C**old **W**ater **S**oft, **W**arm **W**ater **S**oft and **C**old **W**ater **H**ard
- Possibility to mix cold and warm water
- Internal detergent boxes with flushing
- External detergent connections with flushing
- Inlet of water and chemicals below the water level

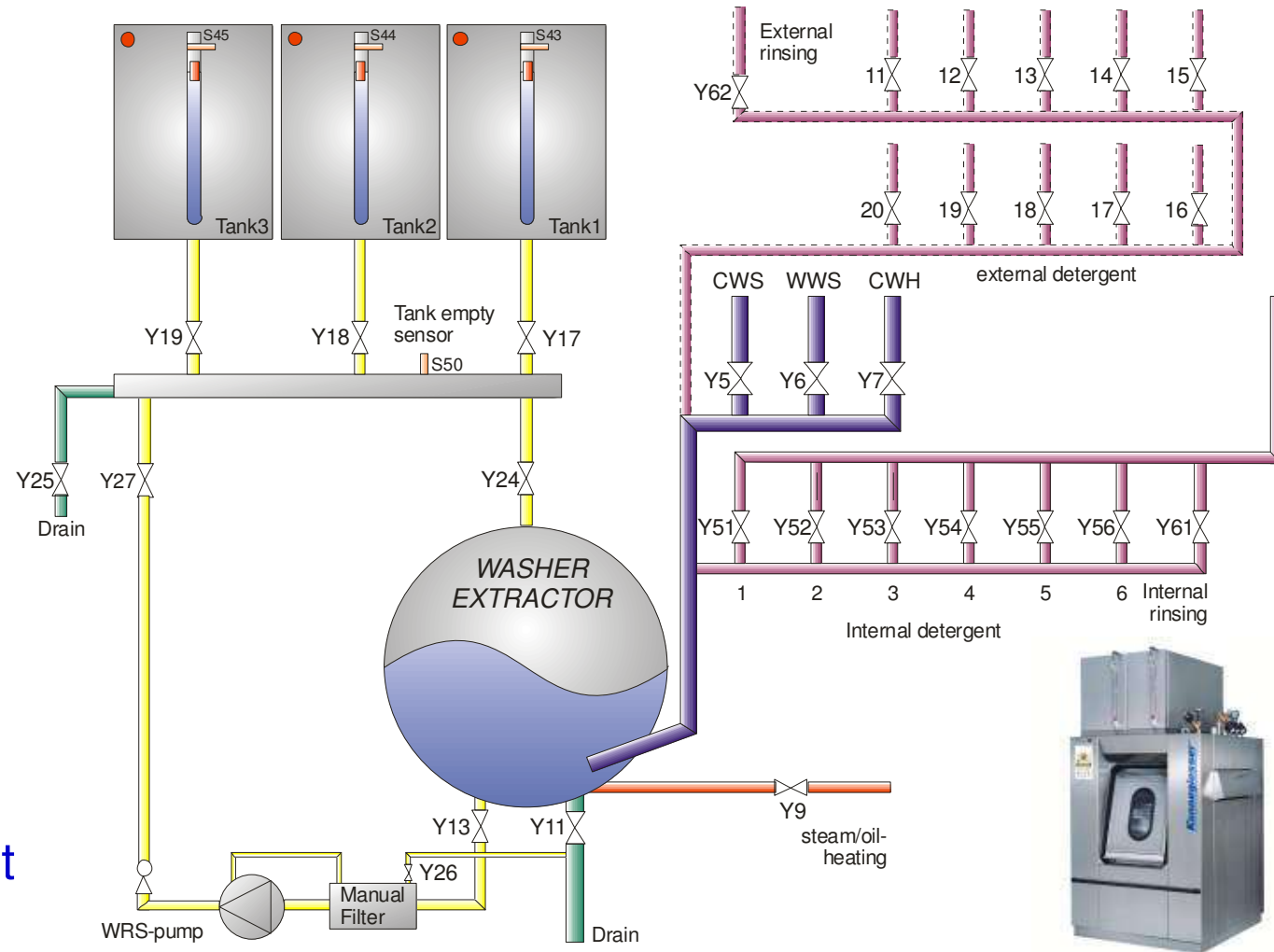


Water flow

Water flow

Water recovery:

- Recovery of wash water for following processes
- Recovery tanks on top or beneath the washer
- Reduction of water, steam and detergent consumption



Washer Extractors – Heating Systems



Direct Steam Injection



Stainless steel piping for **Indirect Heating** with hot water, thermo oil or steam



Heating rods for **Electrical Heating**

Washer Extractors – Heating Systems

Standard:

Steam Valve 4 - 8 bar

Alternative:

High pressure 8 - 12 bar

or bigger size for low pressure 0.5 - 4 bar

Also possible:

2 different heating systems in one machine:

- Direct Steam for normal wash
- Indirect Steam for Wet Cleaning



Washer Extractors – Waste Water Connections



Standard:

- 1 normal closed drain valve

Options:

- 2nd drain valve
- Waste water pump

Further option:

- Coarse filter and pump for Water Recovery System

Washer Extractors – Chemical Supply

Manual Dosing

- Single hopper on the outer drum



- Internal dosing boxes made of 316L (V4A) for powder and liquid products



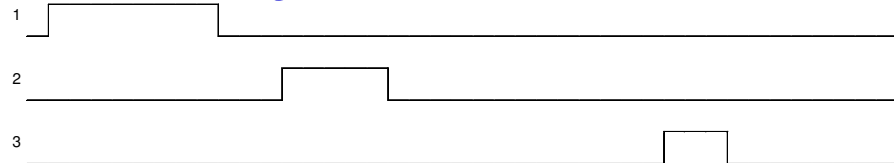
Washer Extractors – Chemical Supply

External Dosing

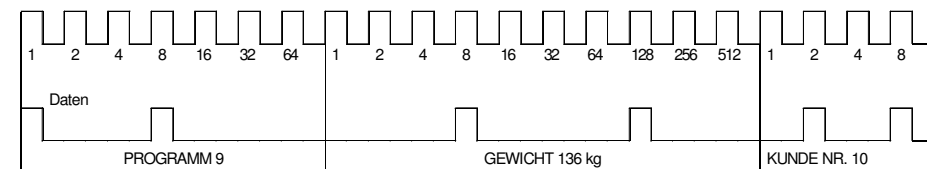


- 6 Connections with 1/2" and 3/4"
- Fresh water rinse from machine
- Pump control via potential free contacts:

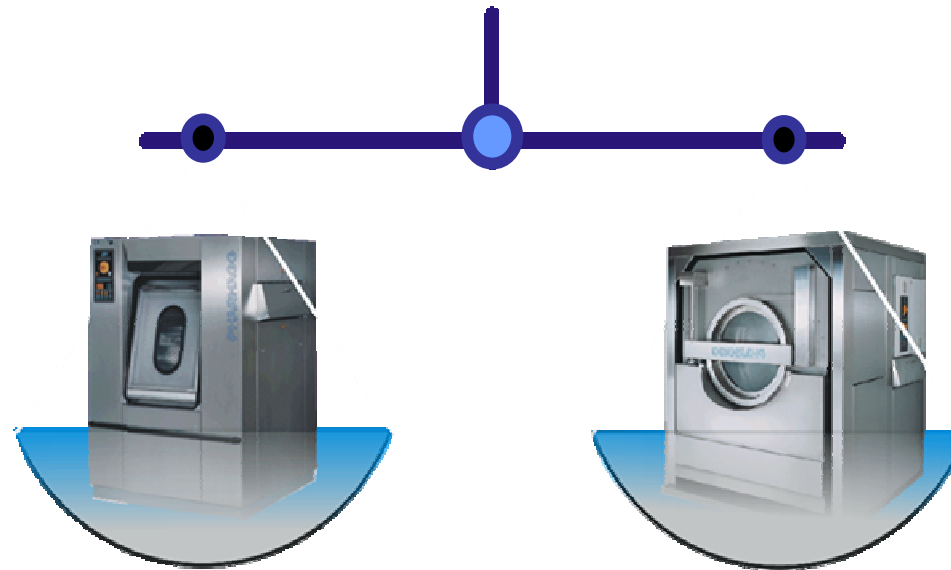
➤ Time signal



➤ Data code



Washer Extractors – Weighing system



Built-in electronic weighing scales for washer extractors

Example: Kannegiesser SCALETRON

Washer Extractors – Weighing system SCALETRON

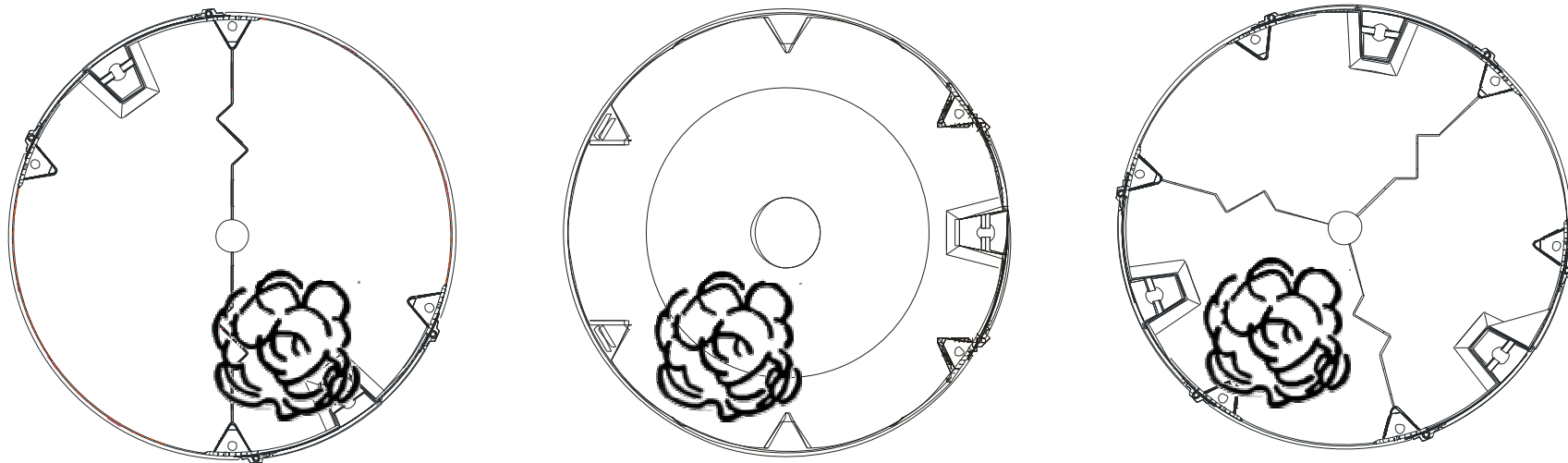


Features:

- Less labour - batch weighing and loading is **one operation**
- Setting of **right water level** in ratio to the load
- Setting of **right dosing** depending to water level
- Programmable **minimum and maximum limits**
- Data transfer to management **Data Logging**

Washer Extractors – Weighing system SCALETRON

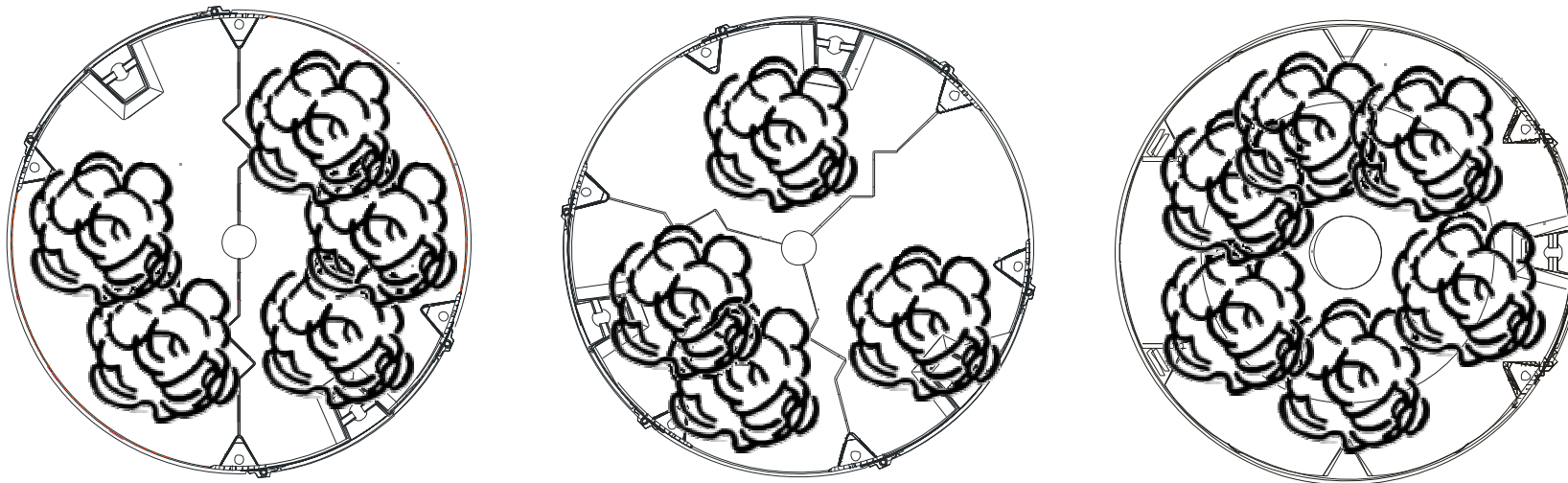
Example: Maximum imbalance for washer extractor type "Favorit" equals 10% of nominal weight (1:10)



Weighing during loading helps avoiding imbalances!

Washer Extractors – Weighing system SCALETRON

- Optimum loading to avoid imbalances equals **60-100%** of nominal load for **Open Pocket drums** and **0-100% / n** for **divided drums** (with n = number of compartments)



Weighing during loading helps avoiding imbalances!